Date of Submission

20 March 2017

IPL Project Annual Report Form 2017

1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017

1. Project Title (IPL-181)

"Study of Slow Moving Landslide Umka Near Belgrade, Serbia"

- 2. Main Project Fields
 - (1) Technology Development

Monitoring and Early Warning

3. Name of Project leader: Biljana Abolmasov, PhD

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Core members of the Project: Names/Affiliations

Svetozar Milenković, BSc, MSc, The Highway Institute Belgrade

Branko Jelisavac, BSc, MSc, The Highway Institute Belgrade

Uroš Djurić, PhD student, researcher, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Civil Engineering

Ass. Prof. Miloš Marjanović, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Mining and Geology

Ass. Prof. Marko Pejić, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Civil Engineering

Ass. Prof. Jovan Popović, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Civil Engineering

4. Objectives: (5 lines maximum)

The research objectives are directed towards continual monitoring of the proposed case study by combining different monitoring techniques. The ultimate goal would be aiding decision making and mitigation measures design for this particular case study.

5. Study Area: (2 lines maximum)

The study area is covering landslide Umka and surrounding area and it is located 25 km south west from Belgrade, Serbia.

6. Project Duration (1 line maximum)

Project duration - 2012-ongoing

7. Report

1) Progress in the project: (30 lines maximum)

Project IPL 181 - "Study of slow moving landslide Umka near Belgrade, Serbia" was approved in November 2012. Extensive archive documentation was collected from The Highway Institute as well as papers on Umka and Duboko landslides published on international and local scientific conferences. Results of field investigations and laboratory testing conducted in different phases were analyzed. Data from installed automated GNSS receiver, precipitation and Sava river level were analysed in parallel to these activities. Original paper submitted, accepted and published in Landslides Journal in 2015 (see references). Location of the GNSS sensor (object point) placed in the landslide body had to be changed after December 2013 due to the technical reasons and it was moved on nearby/ neighboring location after May 2014. Inclinometer case was installed in April 2017 and six series of measurements were performed, but due to unexpected construction activities inclinometers tube was broken in July 2017. GNSS sensor was moved from object point because of technical reasons (systematic error on modem). Precipitation data from Belgrade MMS and level of Sava River from a Beljin station are continuously collected throughout the entire period on a daily basis. Activities related to analysis of historical aerial photo images started in cooperation with Military Geographical Institute in May 2017, according to the Project Plan. Parallel to those activities analysis of Sentinel 1 and 2 satellite data was performed during September-December 2017. Additionally, data base of buildings and other constructions were established according to the field inventory and unified questionnaire form.

2) Planned future activities or Statement of completion of the Project (15 lines maximum) Further research of the Umka landslide will focus on analysis of aerial photo and orthophoto images received from Military Geographical Institute (1959-2015), Sentinel 1 and 2 satellite data from 2015, and coupling the current surface monitoring GNSS system with additional near-real time inclinometer monitoring. This would support the geotechnical model and reveal the connection between ground displacement and actual displacement on the slip surface level. Finally, the continuation of the current monitoring campaign will further support the geotechnical model development and evaluation of the performed back analysis. For these activities it is necessary 12 months more. Additionally, PhD thesis for young researcher was defined and numerical simulation in Soil Vision software is planned for Umka landslide mechanism and dynamics, as well as quantitative landslide risk assessment for housing and transportation sector.

- 3) Beneficiaries of Project for Science, Education and/or Society (15 lines maximum)
 - a) Direct beneficiaries will be local community owner and residents of the houses affected

- by landslide Umka (about 1000 people)
- b) Local and regional authorities regional motorway is affected by landslide (about 10000 vehicles/day)

4) Results: (15 line maximum, e.g. publications)

The list of publications in the frame work the project is as follows:

- Abolmasov B., Pejić M., Samardžić Petrović M., Đurić U., Milenković S. (2017). Automated GNSS monitoring of Umka landslide Review of seven years' experience and results. Proceeding of the 3rd Regional Symposium on Landslides in the Adriatic-Balkan Region, Ljubljana 2017, 11 13 October 2017 Ljubljana, Slovenia, Book of Abstracts. pp 32. ISBN 978-961-6498-53-1
- Abolmasov B., Marjanović M., Milenković S., Đurić U., Jelisavac B., Pejić M. (2017). Study of Slow Moving Landslide Umka Near Belgrade, Serbia (IPL-181). In: K. Sassa et al. (eds.), Advancing Culture of Living with Landslides, Proceedings of 4th World Landslide Forum, Ljubljana 29 May-02 June 2017. Vol. 1. pp. 419-427. Springer International Publishing. DOI 10.1007/978-3-319-59469-9_37
- Erić V., Božić B., Pejić M., Abolmasov B., Pandžić J. (2017). Permanent geodetic monitoring of the Umka Landslide using GNSS techonology and GeoMoss system. Procedings of 2nd Regional Symposium on Landslides in the Adriatic-Balkan Region 2nd ReSyLAB 2015, Eds: Abolmasov B., Marjanović M., Đurić U., University of Belgrade, Faculty of Mining and Geology, Belgrade, Serbia, pp. 43-48. ISBN 978-86-7352-296-8. http://resylab2015.rgf.rs/
- Abolmasov, B., Milenković, S., Marjanović, M., Đurić, U., Jelisavac, B. (2015). A geotechnical model of the Umka landslide with reference to landslides in weathered Neogene marls in Serbia. *Landslides* 12 (4): 689-702. DOI 10.1007/s10346-014-0499-4,
- Abolmasov B., Milenković S., Jelisavac B., Đurić U., Marjanović M. (2014). IPL Project 181: Study of Slow Moving Landslide Umka Near Belgrade, Serbia, Landslide Science for a Safer Geoenvironment (Eds: Kyoji Sassa, Paolo Canuti, Yueping Yin), Vol.1: The International Programme on Landslides (IPL), Part II, pp 75-80, DOI: 10.1007/978-3-319-04999-1_5, Print ISBN: 978-3-319-04998-4, Online ISBN: 978-3-319-04999-1, Springer International Publishing.
- Abolmasov B., Milenković S., Jelisavac B., Đurić U., Marjanović M. (2014). Mechanism and Dynamics of Umka Landslide, Belgrade, Serbia, Landslide Science for a Safer Geoenvironment (Eds: Kyoji Sassa, Paolo Canuti, Yueping Yin), Vol.1: The International Programme on Landslides (IPL), Part VI, pp 297-302, DOI: 10.1007/978-3-319-04999-1_41, Print ISBN: 978-3-319-04998-4, Online ISBN: 978-3-319-04999-1, Springer International Publishing.
- Abolmasov B., Pejić M., Šušić V. (2014). The analysis of landslide dynamics based on automated GNSS monitoring. Proceeding of the 1st Regional Symposium on Landslides in

- the Adriatic-Balkan Region 1st ReSyLAB 2013, Zagreb 6-9 March 2013. Eds. Sassa K., Mihalić Arbanas S., Arbanas Ž. University of Zagreb, Faculty of Mining, Geology and Petroleum Engineering and University of Rijeka, Faculty for Civil Engineering, Zagreb, Croatia. pp 187-191. ISBN 978-953-6923-26-7, http://www.klizista-hr.com
- Abolmasov B., Milenković S., Jelisavac B., Pejić M., Radić Z. (2014). The Analysis of landslide dynamics based on GNSS monitoring-A case study. Proceedings of XII IAEG Congress, Engineering geology for Society and Territory, Vol II, Landslide processes, 15-19 September 2014, Torino, Italy, Springer International Publishing, ISBN 978-3-319-09056-6, pp 143-146.
- Milenković, S., Abolmasov, B., Jelisavac, B., Vujanić, V. (2012). Landslide Umka The first GNSS monitoring project in Serbia. VII International Symposium-Contemporary theory and practice in building development, Institute for Construction Banja Luka, 26-27 April 2012, Ed. Aćić M., 311-320. ISBN 978-99955-630-7-3.
- Abolmasov, B., Milenković, S., Jelisavac, B., Vujanić, V., Pejić, M., Pejović, M. (2012).
 Using GNSS sensors in real time monitoring of slow moving landslides-a case study.
 Landslides and Engineered Slopes: Protecting Society through Improved Understanding –
 Eberhardt et al. (eds). Proceedings of the 11th International and 2nd American Symposium on
 Landslides and Engineered Slopes, Banff, Canada, 3-8 June, 2012. Taylor&Francis Group,
 London, 1381-1385. ISBN 978-0-415-62123-6

Note:

1) If you will change items 1)-6) from the proposal, please write the revised content in red.

Position - Core members of the Project

We have changed one member Vladimir Šušič (PhD student) with Assistant Professor Miloš Marjanović, PhD, both from University of Belgrade, Faculty of Mining and Geology.

Uroš Djurić changed job position - from Faculty of Mining and Geology to Faculty of Civil Engineering, both from University of Belgrade

We added two new researches from Faculty of Civil Engineering, Department for Geodesy - Ass. Prof. Marko Pejić and Ass. Prof. Jovan Popović

2) Please fill and submit this form by 30 March 2018 to ICL Network <icl-network@iclhq.org>