

Date of Submission	20 March 2018
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## IPL Project Annual Report Form 2017

30 March 2017 to 31 December 2017

1. Project Title (IPL-210)

**“Massive landsliding in Serbia following Cyclone Tamara in May 2014”**

2. Main Project Fields

(1) Technology Development

B. Hazard Mapping, Vulnerability and Risk Assessment

(2) Targeted Landslides: Mechanisms and Impacts

A. Catastrophic Landslides

3. Name of Project leader Biljana Abolmasov, PhD

Affiliation: Full Professor, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Mining and Geology

Contact: Serbia, 11000 Belgrade, Djusina 7, tel +381 11 3219 225,

[biljana.abolmasov@rgf.bg.ac.rs](mailto:biljana.abolmasov@rgf.bg.ac.rs)

Core members of the Project - Names/Affiliations: (4 individuals maximum)

Miloš Marjanović, PhD, Assistant Professor, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Mining and Geology

Mileva Samardžić Petrović, PhD, Assistant Professor, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Civil engineering

Uroš Djurić, PhD student, researcher, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Civil engineering

Jelka Krušić, PhD student, researcher, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Mining and Geology

Katarina Andrejev, PhD student, researcher, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Mining and Geology

4. Objectives: (5 lines maximum)

The project attempts to accomplish that the May 2014 extreme landsliding event was preconditioned by soil saturation, caused by a high precipitation yield, within several weeks to the event. All relevant data, including historic/current rainfall, landslide records, aftermath reports, and environmental features datasets, have to be analyzed for characterizing the extreme nature of the event and identifying key environmental controls of landslide occurrences.

5. Study Area: (2 lines maximum)

The study area is Western and Central part of the Republic of Serbia - territory of 15000 km<sup>2</sup> affected by Cyclone Tamara during May 2014. Project Duration (1 line maximum)

Project duration - March 2016 - ongoing

## 6. Report

### 1) Progress in the project: (30 lines maximum)

Project IPL 210 – “Massive landsliding in Serbia following Cyclone Tamara in May 2014” was approved in March 2016. Collecting, review and harmonization of landslides data were conducted nine months afterwards, as per the Project Plan. Different type of movement and type of material involved were registered during extensive field campaign and satellite data analysis. A total number of 1888 field map different type of movement were certified by supervisor (1539 slides, 78 flows, 48 falls, 1 topple, 23 complex, 138 flows/ slides, 55 falls/slides and 6 falls/flows). According to the material involved 925 type of movement were formed from debris, 894 from earth, 20 from rock, 33 from mixed and 16 from artificial material. The simple analysis performed based on landslide distribution by municipalities shows that the highest number of landslide occurrences were recorded in the Western part of Serbia.

First research results from the IPL 210 Project (after one year of project conduct) are presented in the papers (see references). Results from satellite data images were published in Landslides Journal. Team additionally conducted detail field geodetic survey by UAV techniques and collected samples from debris flows material on two site specific sites - Selanac and Leva Reka within IPL 210 Project activities. Historical precipitation data from nearest rain gauge station was collected and analyzed. Modelling and simulation of debris flows was performed in RAMMS and preliminary results were published and presented on 3<sup>rd</sup> ReSyLAB in Ljubljana 2017, local symposia and journals (on Serbian).

### 2) Planned future activities or Statement of completion of the Project (15 lines maximum)

The project aims to summarizing and analyzing collected landslide information from the May 2014 sequence. The analysis, correlation and synthesis of large volume of data are currently being performed. Following the Project activities next steps will be focused on analyzing: (1) the trigger/landslide relation in affordable time span (past 15 years) and May 2014 event, (2) relating the landslide mechanisms and magnitudes versus the trigger and its aftermath and (3) numerical modelling and simulation of flow mechanism for chosen sites in RAMMS after laboratory testing results.

### 3) Beneficiaries of Project for Science, Education and/or Society (15 lines maximum)

- a. Direct beneficiaries will be local communities – municipalities affected by landslide occurrences during May 2014 event
- b. Local and regional authorities – housing sector, infrastructure authorities, Civil protection

units and land/use sectors within affected areas

4) Results: (15 line maximum, e.g. publications)

The list of publications in the frame work the project is as follows:

- Krušić J., Andrejev K., Abolmasov B., Marjanović M.(2017). Preliminary results of the Selanac debris flow modelling in RAMS - a case study. Proceeding of the 3rd Regional Symposium on Landslides in the Adriatic-Balkan Region, Ljubljana 2017, 11 - 13 October 2017 Ljubljana, Slovenia, Book of Abstracts. pp 38. ISBN 978-961-6498-53-1
- Аболмасов Б., Крушић Ј., Андрејев К., Марјановић М., Станковић Р., Ђурић У. Примена АНР и WoE методе у процени подложности терена на клижење за подручје општине Крупањ. Изградња 7-10: 239-246. ISSN 350-5421. (on Serbian).
- Марјановић М., Аболмасов Б., Миленковић С. (2017). Процена ризика од клизишта на путној мрежи општине Крупањ. Зборник радова петог научно-стручног саветовања Пут и животна средина, Вршац 28-29 септембар 2017. стр. 491-500. ISBN 978-86-88541-08-4 (on Serbian).
- Đurić D., Mladenović A., Pešić-Georgiadis M., Marjanović M., Abolmasov B. (2017). Using multiresolution and multitemporal satellite data for post disaster landslide inventory in the Republic of Serbia. *Landslides* 14 (4): 1467-1482. DOI 10.1007/s10346-017-0847-2, <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10346-017-0847-2>
- Abolmasov B., Marjanović M., Đurić U., Krušić J., Andrejev K. (2017). Massive Landsliding in Serbia Following Cyclone Tamara in May 2014 (IPL-210) In: K. Sassa et al. (eds.), *Advancing Culture of Living with Landslides*, Proceedings of 4th World Landslide Forum, Ljubljana 29 May-02 June 2017, Vol. 1. pp. 473-484. Springer International Publishing. DOI 10.1007/978-3-319-59469-9\_4
- Andrejev K., Krušić J., Đurić U., Marjanović M., Abolmasov B. (2017). Relative Landslide Risk Assessment for the City of Valjevo. In: M. Mikoš et al. (eds.), *Advancing Culture of Living with Landslides*, Proceedings of 4th World Landslide Forum, Ljubljana 29 May-02 June 2017. Vol 3. pp. 525-523. Springer International Publishing. DOI 10.1007/978-3-319-53483-1\_62
- Marjanović M., Abolmasov B. (2015). Evidencija i prostorna analiza klizišta zabeleženih u maju 2014. *Časopis Izgradnja* 69 (5-6). pp 129-134. ISBN 0350-5421. UDC 551.435.627(497.11) (on Serbian).
- Marjanović M., Abolmasov B., Đurić U., Bogdanović S., Krautblatter M. (2017). Landslide events in Serbia in May 2014: An overview. Proceedings of 2<sup>nd</sup> Regional Symposium on Landslides in the Adriatic-Balkan Region - 2<sup>nd</sup> ReSyLAB 2015, Eds: Abolmasov B., Marjanović M., Đurić U., University of Belgrade, Faculty of Mining and Geology, Belgrade, Serbia, pp. 239-244. ISBN 978-86-7352-296-8 <http://resylab2015.rgf.rs/>

Note:

1) If you will change items 1)-6) from the proposal, please write the revised content **in red**.

**Mileva Samardžić Petrović, PhD, Assistant Professor, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Civil engineering, new member of the team**

2) Please fill and submit this form by 30 March 2018 to **ICL Network** <[icl-network@iclhq.org](mailto:icl-network@iclhq.org)>